

Gender Violence
Research and
Collaboration Network



**GENDER VIOLENCE
RESEARCH AND
COLLABORATION
NETWORK.**

IPV Virtual Round Table

Key Takeaways from the Discussion

Featured Authors

Sidnei R. Priolo Filho - “Integrative Review of the Brazilian Literature on Batterers” ([PDF](#)) [Integrative review of the Brazilian literature on batterers](#)

Cantyo Atindriyo Dannisgoro - “How Do Third Parties Respond to Intimate Partner Violence? The Role of the Victim’s Justification of Violence” [How Do Third Parties Respond to Intimate Partner Violence? The Role of the Victim's Justification of Violence - PubMed](#)

Surprising or Counterintuitive Findings in IPV Research

- Victims who justify violence may receive less support from third parties, which challenges the typical view that support increases when the victim expresses a desire to stay with the perpetrator.
- Victim-blaming may not always increase when violence is frequent, as some studies suggest that frequency alone doesn’t necessarily lead to more victim-blaming or less willingness to support.

Methodological Contributions

- Mixed methods (combining qualitative and quantitative approaches) are crucial to understanding IPV, offering insights that purely quantitative or qualitative methods may miss.
- For example, qualitative approaches to IPV can uncover cultural determinants and personal histories of aggressors that are hard to quantify but critical to understanding the root causes of violence

Intersectional Factors

- Race, gender identity, socioeconomic status, and disability intersect with IPV, shaping both the experiences of victims and the responses from third parties. Cultural variations in how IPV is viewed, such as in East Asia versus Western Europe, highlight the influence of socio-cultural contexts.
- The role of gender stereotypes, as reflected in the Brazilian context, where IPV may be culturally normalized or justified by patriarchal views, was emphasized.

Risk Factors in Marginalised Communities

- Specific risk factors for IPV in marginalised communities, including cultural practices and socioeconomic stressors, were discussed. In Brazil, factors like alcohol use and jealousy were strongly associated with IPV perpetration.
- Technology is increasingly used to perpetrate IPV, especially in urban settings, where digital

harassment and tracking are more common, whereas rural settings tend to see more traditional forms of offline abuse.

IPV in Diverse Relationship Structures

IPV in LGBTQ+ relationships was highlighted as requiring specific attention in training professionals. There's a need for targeted resources in the Global South, where cultural understandings and professional capacity regarding IPV dynamics are often insufficient.

Effective Prevention Strategies

- Cognitive-behavioral therapy and interventions targeting emotional regulation, such as anger management, were identified as effective in reducing IPV among perpetrators.
- Community-based interventions focusing on bystander support have shown potential in preventing IPV. The willingness of third parties to intervene is crucial, and strategies should be developed to overcome biases or cultural inhibitors against intervention.

Technology and IPV

The use of technology (e.g., digital tracking, social media harassment) in IPV was discussed, highlighting the need for new intervention strategies that address these modern forms of abuse, especially in urban settings.

Resources

Decoding Technology-Facilitated Gender-Based Violence

A Reality Check from Seven Countries

[Decoding technology-facilitated gender-based violence: a reality check from seven countries - Rutgers International](#)

DASTAK Women Rights and Awareness Foundation (DASTAK Foundation)

[Home – Dastak Society](#)

Experiences of intimate partner violence (IPV) among females with same-sex partners in South Africa: what is the role of age-disparity?

[Experiences of intimate partner violence \(IPV\) among females with same-sex partners in South Africa: what is the role of age-disparity? | BMC Women's Health | Full Text](#)

Instagram Account for the Research, Prevention and Intervention Laboratory in Forensic Psychology of Universidad Tuiuti do Parana

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Gender-based violence

The NPA has played an critical role in terms of prosecuting GBV cases and being the voice of vulnerable groups.



SONA 2025

